

Problem of the Week: Week 4 (Sum1): Year 7: Algebra

- Substitute numerical values into formulae and expressions, including scientific formulae
- Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence by: collecting like terms and multiplying a single term over a bracket
- Use algebraic methods to solve linear equations in one variable

Flip and Add

Take any 2-digit number

Reverse the digits

Add the two numbers together

e.g. 13 and 31 $13 + 31 = 44$

93 and 39 $93 + 39 = 132$

What do you notice?

Is it always true?

Flip and Take

Take any 2-digit number

Reverse the digits

Subtract the smaller number from the larger number

e.g. 17 and 71 $71 - 17 = 54$

e.g. 56 and 65 $65 - 56 = 9$

What do you notice?

Is it always true?

Flip and Take (2)

Take any 3-digit number

Reverse the digits

Subtract the smaller number from the larger number

e.g. 833 and 338 $833 - 338 = 495$

e.g. 142 and 241 $241 - 142 = 99$

What do you notice?

Is it always true?

Magic Squares

8	1	6
3	5	7
4	9	2

This is a magic square
 All the rows , columns and two diagonals add up to the same (magic) total.
 What is the magic number ?

$5a + 2$	0	$4a + 1$
$2a$	$3a + 1$	$4a + 2$
$2a + 1$	$6a + 2$	a

This is a magic square
 All the rows , columns and two diagonals add up to the same (magic) total.
 What is the magic number ?
 Give your answer in it's simplest form

If $a = 3$, complete the magic square in numbers

If the magic number is 10, what is the value of a ?
 Use this value of a to fill in the magic square