Hampshire Mathematics Team Home Resources



The diagram shows a kite.

The side lengths are in centimetres.



(a) When n = 9, what is the perimeter of the kite?



*n* = .....

1 mark

2 marks

(b) When the perimeter of the kite is **100cm**, what is the value of *n*?

(a) Perimeter of the kite is n+n+n+2+n+2 so P=4n+4 (collect like terms) we know n=9, substitute into the formula  $P = 4 \times 9 + 4$  or P = 9 + 9 + 9 + 2 + 9 + 2 P = 36 + 4 P = 40 cm50 P= 40cm P=40cm (b) Perimeter of the kite is loocm 50 P=100 we know P=4n+4 This gives 100 = 4n+4 Now solve the equation 100 = 4 - +4 (-h) 96 = 4m (-h)  $(\div L) \quad \frac{96}{L} = \Lambda \quad (\div L)$ 24 = 1



## Your turn:

- 1a. When n=7, what is the perimeter of the kite?
- 1b. When the perimeter of the kite is 40cm, what is the value of n?
- 2a. When n=12, what is the perimeter of the kite?
- 2b. When the perimeter of the kite is 70cm, what is the value of n?

2p. 16.5cm
mozz .62
tp. 9cm
mo25 .61
:sıəwsnA