Objective: Estimate, compare and calculate with measures of length

## Year 4 Task:

Some key vocabulary for length:
millimetre (mm) centimetre (cm) metre (m) kilometre (km)

## Some key facts for length:

| $1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $10 \mathrm{~cm}=100 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1000 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{cms}$ | $10 \mathrm{~m}=1000 \mathrm{cms}$ |  |
| $1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |

This spaghetti machine makes 12 cms length of spaghetti each time the handle is turned. How many turns are needed to make 84 cm of spaghetti?

## Worked example

$12 \mathrm{cms} \times$ ? turns of the handle $=84 \mathrm{cms}$
$12 \mathrm{cms} \times 7$ turns of the handle $=84 \mathrm{cms}$
Answer: $\mathbf{7}$ turns of the handle makes $\mathbf{8 4} \mathbf{c m s}$ of spaghetti


## Variation

This spaghetti machine makes 30 mm length of spaghetti each time the handle is turned. How many turns are needed to make 180 mm of spaghetti?

[^0]This spaghetti machine makes $2 m$ length of spaghetti each time the handle is turned. How many turns are needed to make 7 m of spaghetti?

## Space for your solution

Using any combination of the three spaghetti machines, how could you make the following lengths of spaghetti?

- 63 cm
- 150 cm
- 5 m
- 9 m
- 1 km

Don't forget to remember which unit of length each machine uses.

Remember to use the key facts at the top of this sheet.
There may be more than one way of making each length. Use facts and related facts to work towards the answers

## Space for your solutions

[^1]- $63 \mathrm{~cm}(630 \mathrm{~mm})=30 \mathrm{~mm} \times 20$ turns $(600 \mathrm{~mm})$ and 1 turn $(30 \mathrm{~mm})$ so 21 turns or $12 \mathrm{~cm} \times 5(60 \mathrm{cms})$ and $1 / 4$ of a turn ( 3 cms ) so $51 / 4$ turns.
- $150 \mathrm{cms}=30 \mathrm{~mm} \times 50$ turns ( 1500 mm ). $1500 \mathrm{~mm}=150 \mathrm{cms}$
- $5 \mathrm{~m}=2 \mathrm{~ms} \times 3$ turns ( 6 m ), cut one length in half
- $9 \mathrm{~m}=2 \mathrm{~ms} \times 3$ turns ( 6 ms ); $3 \mathrm{~m}=3000 \mathrm{~mm}$ so $30 \mathrm{~mm} \times 100$ turns $=3000 \mathrm{~mm}$ so 3 turns of 2 m machine and 100 turns of 30 mm machine.
- $\quad 1 \mathrm{~km}(1000 \mathrm{~m})=2 \mathrm{~m} \times 500$ turns


[^0]:    Space for your solution

[^1]:    Answers: $2 \mathrm{~m} \times 4$ turns $=8 \mathrm{~m}$; cut one length in half for 7 m or 2 and a half turns

